

Geography Bee Round 3 (MS)

Regulation Tossups

(1) Mawson Station lies on this body of water whose Livingston Island was discovered by a merchant en route to Valparaiso. During the Five Deeps Expedition, Victor Vescovo visited this body of water's South Sandwich Trench, and the Weddell Sea lies within this ocean that contains Queen Maud Land and is sometimes referred to by the term "Austral." For the point, identify this iceberg-heavy body of water that is considered the fifth ocean.

ANSWER: **Southern** Ocean (accept **Antarctican** Ocean before "Antarctica" is mentioned; accept **Austral** Ocean before "Austral" is mentioned)

(2) Bimbo is the second-largest city in in this country where a border with a southern neighbor is partly defined by the Ubangi River. The Séléka operated in this country that is north of the Democratic Republic of the Congo. For the point, name this landlocked African country with capital at Bangui, which is located in a namesake region.

ANSWER: **Central African Republic** (or **CAR**; or **République centrafricaine**; accept **RCA**)

(3) This city's Panorama Museum includes the bombed-out ruins of Gerhardt's Mill. Those ruins are located across the street from Pavlov's House, which was held by its namesake commander for 60 days against besieging German troops. *The Motherland Calls* commemorates the Battle of Stalingrad in, for the point, what Russian city, which is now named for the longest river in Europe?

ANSWER: **Volgograd** (accept **Stalingrad** before mentioned)

(4) The Essequibo River flows through this country where a majority of citizens speak a namesake creole based on English. New Amsterdam is a port in this country where the People's Temple operated a compound at Jonestown. Found just west of Suriname, this is, for the point, what South American country with capital at Georgetown?

ANSWER: Cooperative Republic of **Guyana**

(5) It's not Czechia, but in 2018 this country experienced a Velvet Revolution when Nikol Pashinyan ousted Serzh Sargsyan as prime minister. The Aras River forms this country's border with Iran. For the point, name this former Soviet Republic which fought a 2020 war over Nagorno-Karabakh with its neighbor, Azerbaijan.

ANSWER: Republic of **Armenia** (or **Hayastan**i Hanrapetut'yun)

(6) This country's Debswana Company operates several diamond mines in a joint venture with De Beers. This country's city of Maun is a major tourist hub, as it is located near both the Makgadikgadi [[mahk-GAH-deek-GAH-dee]] salt pan and the Okavango River Delta. For the point, name this Southern African nation formerly known as Bechuanaland that has its capital at Gaborone [[gab-ah-ROH-nee]].

ANSWER: Republic of **Botswana**

(7) A people who share a name with this mountain range were originally mass deported to Pannonia by the Roman military on the order of Constantine the Great. This range's highest peak is Gerlach, and it includes the sub-range of the Tatras, which cover Slovakia and Poland. For the point, name this European mountain range that covers half of Romania.

ANSWER: **Carpathian** Mountains

(8) The Movement for the Emancipation of this river's delta is engaged in a conflict over petroleum rights for the Ijaw [[EE-jaw]] people of Biafra. This river's tributaries include the Bani and the Benue [[ben-WEH]], and its inner delta, the Sahel's [[suh-HELs]] main wetland, formed the core of the Songhai and Mali Empires. For the point, name this longest river of West Africa.

ANSWER: **Niger** [[nee-ZHEHR]] River (accept **Joliba**, **Kwara**, **Toru Beni**, **Óshimiri**, **Oya**, **Egerew**, or **Maayo Baleewo**; accept phonetic pronunciations)

(9) This country's ward of Fontvieille [[fohn-VYEH]] was created as part of a land reclamation project that has impacted each of this country's four *quartiers* [[kwahr-TYEH]]. The La Condamine [[kohn-dah-MEEN]] district is located near this city's Port Hercule [[ehr-KYOOL]] on the Mediterranean Sea. The Princess Grace Rose Garden is located in, for the point, what principality on the French Riviera that features casinos within Monte Carlo?

ANSWER: Principality of **Monaco** (or Principaute de **Monaco**)

(10) The origin of this river's longest western tributary is thought to be the Jach'a Juquhu [[JAH-chah JOO-koo]] River, and this river's headwaters are formed in the state of Mato Grosso. The Guarani have historically lived along this river that divides a heavily forested region in its country from the Gran Chaco. For the point, name this river which is named for a South American country with capital at Asunción.

ANSWER: **Paraguay** River (accept Río **Paraguay**; accept Rio **Paraguai**; accept Ysyry **Paraguái**)

(11) This country's village of Kalachi is the only known site at which victims suffer from Sleepy Hollow, a disease that may be caused by a Soviet-era uranium mine. The Ak Orda Palace is located in this country's capital, formerly known as Akmolinsk, on the Ishim River. This country's capital was recently renamed for Nursultan Nazarbayev, and was moved from Almaty in 1997. For the point, name this large Central Asian country.

ANSWER: Republic of **Kazakhstan** (or **Qazaqstan** Respublikasy)

(12) This country's city of Portobelo was sacked during the War of Jenkins' Ear, and that port is a World Heritage Site along with this country's Fort San Lorenzo. This country uses the U.S. dollar alongside another currency, the balboa. Lake Gatun was created when the Chagres [[CHA-gress]] River was dammed in, for the point, what Central American country home to a major canal?

ANSWER: Republic of **Panama** (or Republica de **Panama**)

(13) This nation's largest hydropower plant, Lawpita Falls, is located within its Karen Hills, while its highest peak, Hkakabo [[KAH-KAH-BOH]] Razi, is the highest point in Southeast Asia and located in a subrange of the Himalayas. This country has been perpetrating a genocide against the Rohingya Muslims of its Rakhine state. For the point, name this country that moved its capital from Yangon to Naypyidaw.

ANSWER: Republic of the Union of **Myanmar** (accept Union of **Burma**; accept Pyidaungzu Thammada **Myanma Naingngandaw**)

(14) This region's leader, the Lehendakari, lives in the Palace of Ajuria [[ah-HOO-ree-ah]] Enea in its de facto capital of Vitoria-Gasteiz [[gah-STEH-eez]]. This region that is home to the Frank Gehry-designed Guggenheim Museum, which can be found in this region's most populous city of Bilbao. For the point, name this "autonomous community" on the northern coast of Spain.

ANSWER: **Basque Country** (or **Basque Autonomous Community**; or **País Vasco**; accept **Euskadi** before mentioned)

(15) The Sidon [[SYE-dun]] District is located in this country that contains one of the oldest continuously-inhabited cities on Earth, where the Phoenicians lived at Byblos. Tyre is located in this country that contains the Saint George Maronite Cathedral. For the point, name this Middle Eastern country with capital at Beirut.

ANSWER: **Lebanon** (or **Lebanese** Republic; accept al-jumhūrīyah al-**Lubnānīyah**)

(16) This country grounded Ryanair flight 4978 in May 2021 to arrest journalist Roman Protasevich. That journalist had provided news about the loss of opposition candidate Sviatlana Tsikhanouskaya [[tsee-kah-noo-SKY-ah]] in this country's 2020 presidential election. Street protests against Alexander Lukashenko took place in, for the point, what country with its capital at Minsk?

ANSWER: Republic of **Belarus** (or Respublika **Byelarus'**; or Respublika **Belarus'**)

(17) This city is known for its vegetated "Ecoroof" initiative, and Pioneer Courthouse Square is at the center of this city's downtown. Lake Oswego is a suburb of this city, whose western suburb of Beaverton is home to Nike's global headquarters. Named for a city in Maine, this is, for the point, what city in the Willamette Valley, the most populous city in Oregon?

ANSWER: **Portland**

(18) This city's historic main thoroughfare is called La Canebière, which was built by King Louis XIV, and this city is the capital of the Bouches-du-Rhône département in the south of France. This city's historic Vieux-Port is located on the Gulf of Lion to the southeast of Berre Lagoon. For the point, name this coastal city, the oldest and second-most populous city in France.

ANSWER: **Marseille**

(19) This island's port of Chania [[KAH-nee-ah]] is considered a gateway to ski tourism in the Lefka Ori, or White Mountains, which are also home to the Samaria Gorge. Archaeologist Arthur Evans discovered the Linear A and Linear B scripts while excavating this island's Palace of Knossos. Heraklion is the capital of, for the point, what Greek island, once home to the Minoan civilization?

ANSWER: **Crete** (or **Kriti**)

(20) This geographical region is watered by two distributaries ending in Rosetta and Damietta, although in ancient times seven flowed out of its country's main river. This region is bordered to the west by Alexandria and to the east by Port Said [[sah-EED]]. "Lower Egypt" once primarily covered, for the point, what triangle-shaped feature where a major African river meets the Mediterranean?

ANSWER: **Nile Delta** (accept **Tsakhēt** or Miṣr as-**Suflā**; accept **Lower Egypt** until "Lower"; prompt on partial answers; accept descriptions of the region in which the **Nile** meets the Mediterranean before mentioned)

(21) This Middle Eastern country has won the Academy Award for Best International Feature Film twice for *A Separation* and *The Salesman*, both directed by Asghar Farhadi. One of this country's UNESCO World Heritage Sites lends its name to a Marjane Satrapi [[mahr-ZHAHN sah-TRAH-pee]] film that won a Jury Prize at the Cannes Film Festival. For the point, name this country whose film industry is also known as the Cinema of Persia.

ANSWER: Islamic Republic of **Iran** (or Jomhuri-ye Eslami-ye **Iran**)

(22) Examples of this city's Manueline Gothic architecture include the Jerónimos Monastery and the Belém Tower. This city's Carmo Convent and Ribeira Palace were destroyed in a 1755 earthquake, and the westernmost point of mainland Europe is located ten miles west of this city. The Vasco da Gama Bridge crosses the Tagus [[TAY-gus]] River in, for the point, what capital of Portugal?

ANSWER: **Lisbon** (or **Lisboa**)

(23) One of this country's islands, Hiva Oa, dominates the Marquesan Chain, while Bora-Bora lies leeward in the Society Islands. Mayotte is the only part of the Comoros that still belongs to this country, while Dominica is bordered to the north and south by this country's islands of Guadeloupe and Martinique. For the point, name this country that controls Corsica.

ANSWER: **France** (accept the **French** Republic; accept République **Française**)

(24) A hoax involving this structure claimed that a drunken man attempted to land on this structure while dressed as Santa Claus. Hannskarl Bandel created a formula for the building of this structure, which stands at exactly 630 feet tall and 630 feet wide. Eero Saarinen, a Finnish-American architect, used a catenary shape to design, for the point, what landmark in St. Louis?

ANSWER: **Gateway Arch** (accept **Gateway Arch** National Park; prompt on "The Arch")

(25) The first two films shot in this city were the 1910 Edison productions *The Cowpuncher's Glove* and *The Ship's Husband*. This city's aquarium is located in Stanley Park and has been featured in episodes of *A Million Little Things* and *Psych*. For the point, name this Canadian city and frequent filming location sometimes called "Hollywood North," located in British Columbia.

ANSWER: **Vancouver**

Extra Question

(1) Camp Century was built on this island during an effort to establish a missile system underneath it, and members of the 821st Air Base Group are stationed at this island's Thule [[T00-leh]] Air Base. Roughly ten thousand people live in a municipality on this island called Avannaata that is roughly 500,000 square kilometers in size. A constituent country of Denmark, this is, for the point, what large island with capital at Nuuk?

ANSWER: **Greenland** (accept **Kalaallit Nunaat**; accept **Grønland**)