

Round 7

First Quarter

(1) 19th century scholar Franz Mone [[MOH-nuh]] suggested the site of this battle was also the place where the hero of the *Song of the Nibelung*, Sigurd, slew the dragon Fafnir. Following this battle, a chieftain of the Cherusci [[keh-ROO-skee]] sent the head of his opponent to the Marcomanni to secure an alliance. At Kalkriese Hill, Germanic chieftain Arminius ambushed the forces of Varus, beginning this battle. Emperor Augustus cried "Give me back my Legions" following, for ten points, which devastating Roman defeat in the first century?

ANSWER: Battle of the **Teutoburg** Forest (or die Schlacht im **Teutoburger** Wald; prompt on the "Varian Disaster" before "Varus")

(2) At the beginning of this conflict, the Apprentice Boys hosted a parade that ended in mass brawls with a local Constabulary. During this conflict, Patrick Magee planted a bomb in the Brighton Hotel in a failed attempt to kill Margaret Thatcher. MP Bobby Sands died during a hunger strike in this "irregular conflict," which was ended by the Good Friday Agreement. For ten points, name this lengthy conflict between the Provisional Irish Republican Army and the U.K. for control of Northern Ireland in the late 20th century.

ANSWER: The **Troubles** (or Na **Trioblóidí**; accept the **Northern Ireland** Conflict before mentioned)

(3) Russian lieutenant Adam Laxman landed on this island to forcibly return a pair of castaways. Shakushain's revolt on this island was put down by the Matsumae clan, which was tasked with defending part of it. This island was the location of a short-lived separatist state called the Republic of Ezo, which opposed the Meiji government. In the closing weeks of World War Two, the city of Muroran was bombarded by American ships off the coast of, for ten points, what Japanese island, governed from Sapporo?

ANSWER: **Hokkaido** (accept **Ezo** before mentioned)

(4) According to Herodotus, a plan suggested by this client-king led to the death of Cyrus the Great while in battle with the Scythian Massagetae people. This king undertook the philosophical discussion known as "Which man is Happy?" with the Greek sage Solon, who suggested material wealth was too fickle to equate to happiness. This man's wife supposedly killed herself after the fall of his capital, Sardis. The first minting of metal coins is credited to, for ten points, which extremely wealthy, semi-mythological king of Lydia?

ANSWER: **Croesus** (accept **Krowiśaś**; or **Kroisos**)

(5) The Karsakpay inscription describes how this leader led an army of 200,000 men to subjugate the khan of the Golden Horde, Tokhtamysh [[tohk-tah-MEESH]]. This man captured Ottoman sultan Bayezid the Thunderbolt during the Battle of Ankara. This Turko-Mongolic leader was the direct ancestor of all the Mughal emperors. For ten points, name this conqueror whose name reflects the serious injuries he suffered early in life and who established his capital at Samarkand.

ANSWER: **Tamerlane** (accept **Timur** the Lame, accept Amir **Timur**; or **Timūr** Gurkānī)

(6) During this war, General Abebe Aregai [[ah-REH-guy]] failed to stop the "March of the Iron Will" by the mechanized columns of Pietro Badoglio. The League of Nations was discredited following the proposal of the Hoare-Laval Pact, which agreed Britain and France wouldn't intervene in this war. Revanchist tendencies caused by the 1896 Battle of Adwa led to Mussolini organizing this war to create a unified "Italian East Africa." The deposition of Haile Selassie occurred as a result of, for ten points, what war which led to an African nation's occupation?

ANSWER: Second Italo-**Ethiopian** War (or Second Italo-**Abyssinian** War; accept descriptive answers like Fascist Italy's Invasion of **Ethiopia**)

(7) Bernard de Montfaucon [[mont-foh-KOHN]] brought this artwork to the attention of Europe when he hired Antoine Benoit [[beh-NWAH]] to copy it in its entirety. This artwork, which includes an early depiction of Halley's Comet, depicts Count Guy of Ponthieu [[pohn-TOO]] holding an English king captive for ransom. During the early days of the French Revolution, this artwork was seized by the Directory to be used to cover the tops of military wagons. Harold Godwinson is shown taking an arrow in the eye in, for ten points, which medieval "Tapestry" depicting the Battle of Hastings?

ANSWER: **Bayeux** [[bah-"YOU"]] Tapestry

(8) Five miles outside of this city, the first major Protestant victory of the Thirty Years' War occurred at the Battle of Breitenfeld by troops led by Gustavus Adolphus. Nazi Germany modified this city's name to reference a "Trade Fair" which ran unimpeded here since medieval times. The dissolution of the Confederation of the Rhine followed Napoleon's defeat at an 1813 battle named for this city, the largest fought during the 19th century. The Monument to the Battle of the Nations is in, for ten points, which city in Saxony, sixty miles from Dresden?

ANSWER: **Leipzig** (accept Reichsmessestadt **Leipzig**; accept Battle of **Leipzig**)

Second Quarter

(1) The Fengtian clique of warlord Zhang Zuolin [[JANG ZHUO-LIN]] was based in this region. The Willow Palisade blocked Han migration into this region. The Lytton Report was produced after the Kwantung Army invaded this region after officers staged the demolition of a section of railroad track in the Mukden Incident. Emperor Puyi was made a ruler of a Japanese puppet state in this region afterwards. For ten points, name this northeastern region of China held by Japan immediately prior to World War Two.

ANSWER: **Manchuria** (accept **Dōngběi** or **Manchukuo**, prompt on **Liaoning**, **Jilin**, or **Heilongjiang**)

BONUS: The Kwantung Army was originally named for its role guarding which naval base in southern Manchuria? A sneak attack at the beginning of the Russo-Japanese War destroyed most of the Russian Pacific Fleet here.

ANSWER: **Port Arthur** (accept **Lüshun**kou District; or **Lushun** City; accept **Ryojun**; prompt on **Dalian**)

(2) A shepherd of this name raised the young Cyrus the Great after a steward of Astyages [[ah-STY-ah-gees]] was tasked with killing the child. A war with this name began after a king orchestrated the Asiatic Vespers, a genocide of Romans in Asia Minor. Pompey the Great defeated a king of this name in the Battle of the Lycus, forcing him to flee to Crimea and commit suicide. The Kingdom of Pontus was ruled by six rulers with, for ten points, which name of Persian origin, derived from that of a sun god?

ANSWER: **Mithridates** (accept **Mithridatic** War; accept **Mithridates** VI Eupator; prompt on "Mithra")

BONUS: The first Mithridatic War occurred simultaneously to which period of domestic unrest caused by allied city-states agitating for Roman citizenship?

ANSWER: **Social** War (accept **Marsic** War)

(3) A whirlpool off the coast of this country legendarily devoured a boat secured by hemp, wool, and hair ropes during a visit from king Breacan. A 1950s hysteria in this country over "Jenny with the Iron Teeth" and the "Gorbals Vampire" were traced back to American comic books. This country's folklore includes murderous water horses called "kelpies" and seals transformed into human women called "selkies." For ten points, name this country where a dinosaur-like cryptid is said to live in Loch Ness.

ANSWER: **Scotland** (prompt on "United Kingdom" or "U.K."; do not accept or prompt on "Great Britain" or "England")

BONUS: The Irish hero Finn MacCool legendarily built what series of submerged interlocking basalt pillars connecting Ireland's County Antrim to the coast of Scotland?

ANSWER: **Giant's Causeway**

(4) This monarch dubbed the politicians Neville Chamberlain and Édouard Daladier [[dah-lah-DYEH]] "two fools who sleep," and he was escorted by *James Bond* author Ian Fleming into exile following a 1939 Axis takeover. This royal, who supposedly smoked 200 cigarettes a day, instituted a namesake salute where one put their hand over their heart with palm facing downward. Born into a *beylik* family, this man was his country's youngest ever prime minister before becoming its king. For ten points, name this Albanian King deposed by Fascist Italy's invasion.

ANSWER: King **Zog** I (or Naltmadhnija e tij **Zogu** I, Mbreti i Shqiptarëve; accept Ahmet **Zogu**)

BONUS: King Zog claimed to be a descendent of what Albanian feudal lord who led a 25-year long resistance effort against Ottoman rule.

ANSWER: **Skanderbeg** (or Gjergj Kastrioti **Skënderbeu**; accept **Iskender bey**; or **Lord Alexander**)

(5) An early one of these events on Shrove Tuesday began when white-gowned acolytes carrying red crosses claimed to "extirpate the abusive, perverse customs of Carnival." These gatherings were often hosted in front of the Palazzo Vecchio, with an image of the devil adorned on top of a pile of straw. Sandro Botticelli legendarily threw his own artwork into the flames during these anti-pagan rituals. The Friar Girolamo Savonarola led, for ten points, which mass burnings of supposedly obscene art in 15th century Florence?

ANSWER: **Bonfire** of the **Vanities** (accept **falò delle vanità**)

BONUS: Savonarola's followers were known as the *Piagnoni* which referred to what action they took, usually to lament the sins of the world?

ANSWER: **Weeping** (or **Weepers**; accept **Crying** or synonyms; accept **Whine** or synonyms;

NOTE: "Piagnoni" translates to either "Weepers" or "Whiners")

(6) The 1st Earl of Shaftesbury likely manufactured charges of Catholic sympathies against this Admiralty Secretary, leading to his imprisonment in the Tower of London. This man, who was a member of the entourage of Charles II on his return from the Netherlands during the Restoration, recorded the destruction of St. Paul's Cathedral during a blaze which began on Pudding Lane. The 17th century Great Plague and Great Fire of London were chronicled by, for ten points, which former minister of Parliament who kept a diary that was published to popular acclaim in the 19th century?

ANSWER: Samuel **Pepys** [[PEEPS]]

BONUS: Pepys recorded his participation in the navy during which war's Raid of the Medway? England attempted to end a namesake rival's naval domination in the North Sea and English Channel in this war.

ANSWER: (Second) Anglo-**Dutch** War

(7) This author ascribes the invention of metallurgy to the namesake smelters in the *Idaeian Dactyls* [[ee-DAY-ehn DAHK-tils]]. The overthrow of Uranus by Cronus and then Cronus by his son Zeus are retold in this writer's compendium, *Theogony* [[thee-AH-juh-nee]]. This man asserted that human history had experienced a Golden and Silver Age, as well as a "Heroic Age" that witnessed the Trojan War. "The Myth of Five Ages" and agrarian life in Ancient Greece is expounded in, for ten points, which writer's *Works and Days*?

ANSWER: **Hesiod** (or **Hesiodos**)

BONUS: Hesiod claimed to have been raised in the shadow of what sacred Greek mountain, which historically possessed several shrines to the muses?

ANSWER: Mount **Helicon**

(8) During this war, Sébastien Rale [[RAH-leh]] had a price put on his head by Massachusetts governor Joseph Dudley, who wrongly assumed he had led a raid in Maine. The expulsion of residents who were later dubbed "Cajuns" occurred during this war's American theater, known as "Queen Anne's War." The death of the childless Charles II, a member of the Habsburg family, led to this multi-continental war. The Treaty of Utrecht ended, for ten points, what early 18th century war which led to the rise of the Bourbon monarchy in Iberia?

ANSWER: War of the **Spanish Succession** (accept **Queen Anne's War** before mentioned)

BONUS: In the European theatre of the war, the Duke of Marlborough was partnered with which French-born Austrian general who secured a major victory in the Siege of Turin?

ANSWER: **Eugene** of Savoy (or Prince **Eugene** Francis of Savoy-Carignano)

Third Quarter

The categories are:

1. Nikita Khrushchev
2. Iroquois Confederacy
3. The Berber People

Nikita Khrushchev

Concerning the Soviet First Secretary of the 1950s and 1960s, name the...

(1) Present-day nation where, until the fall of Kiev to the Germans, Khrushchev headed the Communist Party.

ANSWER: **Ukraine** (or **Ukraina**)

(2) World War Two battle on the Volga river which Khrushchev participated in under Georgy Zhukov.

ANSWER: Battle of **Stalingrad**

(3) Crisis concerning the placement of ballistic missiles on a Caribbean nation by the Khrushchev regime.

ANSWER: **Cuban Missile** Crisis

(4) First artificial satellite launched by the Soviet space program in 1957.

ANSWER: **Sputnik** 1

(5) Oration given by Khrushchev to denounce his predecessor, Joseph Stalin.

ANSWER: **Secret** Speech (or **Sekretniy** Doklad; accept "On the **Cult of Personality** and Its Consequences"; or O **kul'te lichnosti** i yego posledstviyakh)

(6) "Debate" between Vice President Nixon and Khrushchev at the American National Exhibition.

ANSWER: **Kitchen** Debate (accept **Kukhonnye** debaty)

Iroquois Confederacy

Concerning the Native American Confederacy, name the.....

(1) U.S. state which contained the heartland of the Iroquois Confederacy's territory.

ANSWER: **New York**

(2) European colonizer and traditional ally of the Iroquois who fought alongside the Confederacy in the French and Indian War.

ANSWER: **England** (accept Great **Britain** or the **United Kingdom**)

(3) Narrow, single room building which served as the primary quarters for the Iroquois.

ANSWER: **Longhouses**

(4) Animal whose pelt was traded by the League, later fighting a namesake war with the Hurons and the French for control of it.

ANSWER: **Beaver** (accept **Beaver War**)

(5) Eastern member of the Iroquois Confederacy which were led by Joseph Brant.

ANSWER: **Mohawk** (accept **Kanien'keháka**)

(6) 18th century British act forbidding white settlement west of the Appalachians, intending to protect the "Indian Reserve."

ANSWER: Royal **Proclamation of 1763**

The Berber People

Concerning the history of the Berbers, name the...

(1) Catholic Church father of Berber origin who wrote *Confessions* and *City of God*.

ANSWER: St. **Augustine** of Hippo

(2) Phoenician city-state in North Africa which used Berber horsemen as mercenaries.

ANSWER: **Carthage** (accept **Carthago**)

(3) Arab caliphate that succeeded the Rashidun and conquered the Berbers in the 8th century.

ANSWER: **Umayyad** Caliphate

(4) Berber scholar of the 14th century who departed from Morocco for the *hajj* and became the most traveled explorer in history prior to the Industrial Revolution.

ANSWER: Ibn **Battuta**

(5) Berber kingdom and rival of Rome led by Kings Jugurtha and Massinissa.

ANSWER: Kingdom of **Numidia**

(6) Modern Saharan nation which shares its name with a Berber kingdom that served as a client state to Rome.

ANSWER: **Mauretania**

Fourth Quarter

(1) **In his *Epigrams*, the writer Martial records how this man banned male castration despite having the eunuch Earinus as a lover. Before being called back by this emperor to fight in the Dacian [[dah-KEE-ehn]] war, the governor Gnaeus Julius (+) Agricola led a failed conquest of Caledonia after conquering modern Wales. The courtier Parthinus likely led the 96 AD plot to assassinate this emperor, who was succeeded by the elder statesman (*) Nerva. The last emperor of the Flavian dynasty was, for ten points, which authoritarian emperor?**

ANSWER: **Domitian** (or **Domitianus**)

(2) **In this non-African city, over 80 people were injured after the execution of Congolese prime minister Patrice Lumumba motivated its population to storm the Belgian embassy. Suleiman the Magnificent mass-deported this city's (*) Orthodox population to Istanbul and made it the center of the *Sanjak* of Smederevo. Over 100,000 people took to the streets of this city to protest the genocidal regime of Slobodan (*) Milošević [[mih-LOH-seh-vitch]] in the mid-1990s. For ten points, name this Danubian "White City" and former capital of united Yugoslavia, now the capital of independent Serbia.**

ANSWER: **Belgrade** (accept **Belgrad**; accept **Dar Al Jihad**)

(3) **A note supposedly written by the subject of this event was found in the wastebasket of Prussian attaché Maximilian von Schwartzkoppen, only for that German officer to later reveal he was in contact with Ferdinand (+) Esterhazy. Following this affair, future prime minister Leon Blum participated in the defense of Emile Zola after he was brought to court for criticizing this treason trial in his pamphlet (*) *J'Accuse*. For ten points, name this anti-Semitic "Affair" during the French Third Republic caused by the false prosecution of a Jewish artillery officer.**

ANSWER: **Dreyfus** Affair (accept l'affaire **Dreyfus**)

(4) **This site's monk's cell had a Buddhist style stupa added over a thousand years after its abandonment by inhabitants of the Sindhu Kingdom. A layer of bitumen coated this city's "Great Bath," the earliest public water tank (+) in recorded human history, likely used for religious purposes due to its proximity to the "College of Priests." One of the largest sites of the Harappan (*) Civilization was, for ten points, which city in modern Pakistan whose name translates to "Mound of the Dead"?**

ANSWER: **Mohenjo-Daro** (do not accept "Harappa")

(5) **This figure, who said "When the rich think about the poor, they have poor ideas," replaced the Sociedad de Beneficencia with her own namesake foundation. The Montoneros (+) kidnapped the body of Pedro Eugenio Aramburu in an effort to repatriate this figure's corpse back to her home nation from Spain. This first Argentinian to receive chemotherapy was initially nominated as the vice-presidential candidate for her (*) spouse in the 1952 elections. For ten points, name this actress turned First Lady of Argentina during the mid 20th century known affectionally as "Evita."**

ANSWER: **Eva Perón** (or María **Eva** Duarte de **Perón**; accept **Evita Perón**; prompt on "Evita" alone before mentioned)

(6) **The salutation of the sun by Syrian soldiers under this general was misinterpreted by the enemy army led by Vitellian as incoming reinforcements, causing them to break at the Second Battle of Bedriacum. The supposed descendant of Julius Caesar, Gaius Julius Civilis, rose in rebellion against this leader during the (+) Batavian Rebellion. This emperor, who deployed the general Agricola to Britain, also ordered the construction of the (*) Coliseum. The victor of the Year of Four Emperors was, for ten points, which Roman Emperor and founder of the Flavian dynasty?**

ANSWER: **Vespasian** (or **Vespasianus**; accept Titus Flavius **Vespasianus**)

(7) **This unit hacked through the Pecheneg nomads' laager formation, which proved vital in John II's victory at the Battle of Beroia [[beh-roh-EE-ah]]. The capture and ransom of Romanos (+) IV Diogenes led these people to organize a palace coup upon his return to the capital. By the rule of Alexios Komnenos, this force was heavily composed of Anglo-Saxon (*) refugees from Norman England. For ten points, name this elite guard of the Byzantine Empire originally made up of Norsemen.**

ANSWER: **Varangian** Guard (or **Varyags**; accept Tágma tōn **Varángōn**)

(8) **Opponents of this man called the Erasistrateans resisted his theory that blood flowed through arteries, instead wrongly claiming *pneuma* did so. This man's records of treating the Antonine Plague while in Aquileia [[ah-KWIH-leh-uh]] led historians to identify the blight (+) as smallpox. This man had his theories from *On Anatomical Procedure* untested for a millennium, until the 16th-century human dissections (*) of Andreas Vesalius. For ten points, name this extremely influential Greco-Roman physician and scholar who expanded the Hippocratic views on humors.**

ANSWER: **Galen** (accept Aelius **Galenus**; or Claudius **Galenus**)

Extra Question

(1) **After one of these parties staged the Anpo Protests, ultranationalist Otoya Yamaguchi brandished a short sword and killed its chairman on public television during a debate. Édouard Daladier [[dah-lah-DYEH]], a member of a radical (+) branch of this specific political party, declared war on Germany alongside Britain. The Roosevelt-led New Deal weakened an American iteration of this party, which previously ran Eugene V. Debs for president three times. The party of Hitler ironically dubbed themselves the "National" (*) version of this type of party. For ten points, name this generally left-wing type of party that encourages redistribution of resources.**

ANSWER: **Socialist** Party (accept Japanese **Socialist** Party; or **Socialist** Party of America; or National **Socialists**)

BONUS: Helmut Kohl, Konrad Adenauer, and Angela Merkel were all Chancellors from what long-dominant German political party?

ANSWER: **Christian-Democratic** Union of Germany (or **CDU**; accept **Christlich Demokratische Union Deutschlands**)