Competitions

Biology Examination 2024 Asian Championships

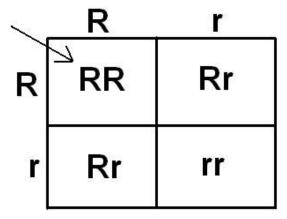
Name _			
School _	 	 	
Grade _			

Instructions – Mark your answers on the scantron provided. Correct answers are worth 2 points. Incorrect answers are worth –1 point. Questions left blank are worth 0 points. Write the answer to your tiebreaker question in the box at the top of your scantron.

- 1. What is the smallest unit that can live on its own and makes up all living organisms?
 - A. Bacteria
 - B. Cell
 - C. Atom
 - D. Organelle
- 2. What state do animals undergo in order to save energy and survive the winter?
 - A. Sleep
 - B. Migration
 - C. Hibernation
 - D. Camouflage
- 3. What byproduct do all animals expel after breathing in oxygen?
 - A. Carbon dioxide
 - B. Carbon monoxide
 - C. Nitrogen dioxide
 - D. All of the above
- 4. Which of the following animals are NOT warm-blooded?
 - A. Birds
 - B. Monkeys
 - C. Fish
 - D. Mice
- 5. How many chambers does the human heart have?
 - A. One
 - B. Two
 - C. Three
 - D. Four

- 6. Which of the following proteins is responsible for the red color of red blood cells?
 - A. Myoglobin
 - B. Hemoglobin
 - C. Neuroglobin
 - D. Cytoglobin
- 7. Which of the following is NOT a branch of biology?
 - A. Zoology
 - B. Botany
 - C. Ecology
 - D. Quantum mechanics
- 8. Which of the following animals are nocturnal?
 - A. Bats
 - B. Squirrels
 - C. Dogs
 - D. Honeybees
- 9. How many pairs of legs do insects have?
 - A. Three
 - B. Four
 - C. Six
 - D. Eight
- 10. What process cannot be performed by the human body?
 - A. Cellular respiration
 - B. Aerobic respiration
 - C. Digestion
 - D. Photosynthesis
- 11. Charles Darwin's book On the Origin of Species primarily concerns what concept?
 - A. Evolution
 - B. Taxonomy
 - C. Fossils
 - D. Taxidermy
- 12. What is the outermost layer of roots and stems of woody plants?
 - A. Mulch
 - B. Bark
 - C. Branch
 - D. Xylem
- 13. Which of the following organs is associated with the nervous system?
 - A. Heart
 - B. Liver
 - C. Brain
 - D. Kidney
- 14. All of the following animals are strictly carnivorous EXCEPT
 - A. Tiger
 - B. Anteater
 - C. Hippopotamus
 - D. Lion

- 15. What organisms are at the base of a food chain?
 - A. Decomposers
 - B. Primary consumers
 - C. Primary producers
 - D. Scavengers
- 16. What substance is primarily released from the nasolacrimal duct?
 - A. Blood
 - B. Sweat
 - C. Tears
 - D. Mucus
- 17. What type of energy drives photosynthesis?
 - A. Light energy
 - B. Thermal energy
 - C. Potential energy
 - D. Nuclear energy
- 18. Which of the following is the basic building block of nucleic acids?
 - A. Nucleosome
 - B. Nucleotide
 - C. Nucleoside
 - D. Nucleon
- 19. What does the table, shown in the photo below, visualize?



- A. Number of chromosomes an organism has
- B. Similarities between two organisms
- C. Possible allele combinations of an offspring
- D. Complications regarding a cell's ability to divide
- 20. People with what blood type are referred to as being "universal donors"?
 - A. Type O-
 - B. Type A
 - C. Type B
 - D. Type AB+

- 21. Which of the following is NOT an element of an optical microscope?
 - A. Magnetic lens
 - B. Objective lens
 - C. Stage
 - D. Eyepiece
- 22. Which of the following is a protist?
 - A. Penicillium glabrum
 - B. Paramecium caudatum
 - C. Escherichia coli
 - D. Lactobacillus rhamnosus
- 23. Which of the following is the shape of a DNA molecule?
 - A. Single helix
 - B. Double helix
 - C. Triple helix
 - D. Beta sheet
- 24. What is the largest muscle in the human body?
 - A. Quadriceps
 - B. Gluteus maximus
 - C. Latissimus dorsi
 - D. Hamstrings
- 25. Antibodies belong to which of the following groups of biomolecules?
 - A. Lipids
 - B. Proteins
 - C. Carbohydrates
 - D. Nucleic acids
- 26. Which of the following is NOT an arthropod?
 - A. Arachnids
 - B. Insects
 - C. Crustaceans
 - D. Annelids
- 27. What is the correct order of major groups used in taxonomic classification?
 - A. Kingdom \rightarrow Phylum \rightarrow Class \rightarrow Order \rightarrow Genus \rightarrow Class \rightarrow Species
 - B. Phylum \rightarrow Kingdom \rightarrow Order \rightarrow Family \rightarrow Class \rightarrow Genus \rightarrow Species
 - C. Kingdom \rightarrow Phylum \rightarrow Class \rightarrow Order \rightarrow Family \rightarrow Genus \rightarrow Species
 - D. Phylum \rightarrow Kingdom \rightarrow Order \rightarrow Class \rightarrow Family \rightarrow Genus \rightarrow Species
- 28. Which of the following bones is also known as kneecap?
 - A. Femur
 - B. Patella
 - C. Vomer
 - D. Tibia

29. Which of the following nitrogenous bases is absent in 38. Salamanders belong to which of the following classes? DNA? A. Reptiles A. Guanine B. Amphibians C. Fish B. Thymine C. Adenine D. Birds D. Uracil 39. What is biofilm? 30. An arranged collection of trees is known as a what? A. The protein coat that surrounds the DNA of a virus B. A sticky substance excreted by a colony of A. Arachnoid prokaryotes that adhere to a surface B. Aristate C. The outer embryonic cell layer in animals C. Arboretum D. Areolate D. All the genes of all the members of a population 31. Which of the following animals does NOT use 40. What era is often referred to as the "Age of Dinosaurs"? echolocation? A. Precambrian A. Bat B. Paleozoic B. Shark C. Mesozoic C. Whale D. Cenozoic D. Dolphin 41. Barnacles and whales exhibit what type of symbiotic 32. What term is described as "the process of maintaining a relationship with one another? stable environment inside a cell or organism"? A. Mutualism B. Commensalism A. Homeostasis B. Niche C. Parasitism C. Equilibrium D. Competition D. Metabolism 42. What acid is formed in the muscle under conditions with high energy demand, such as after an intense workout? 33. Jane Goodall is notable for her study of what animals? A. Glycolic acid A. Baboons B. Lactic acid B. Chimpanzees C. Gorillas C. Mandelic acid D. Citric acid D. Lemurs 43. Where in the world is the most biodiversity found? 34. During translation, proteins are created from a sequence A. Amazon Rainforest of what molecules? B. Great Barrier Reef A. Carbohydrates C. Galápagos Islands D. Great Plains B. Nucleic acids C. Nucleotides D. Amino acids 44. Which of the following RNA molecules has an anticodon? 35. Which of the following is a voluntary muscle? A. siRNA A. Skeletal muscle B. snRNA B. Cardiac muscle C. tRNA C. Smooth muscle D. mRNA D. All of the above 45. Which organelle is primarily responsible for digesting 36. Animals that are classified as "ungulates" have what macromolecules? anatomical structure in common? A. Endoplasmic reticulum B. Lysosome A. Wings B. Hoofs C. Vesicles C. Scales D. Golgi apparatus D. Pouches 46. Which of the following saccharides is fungal cell wall 37. Photosynthesis is divided into what stages? primarily composed of? A. Light-dependent reactions and glycolysis A. Cellulose

B. Chitin

C. Murein

D. Glycogen

B. Light-dependent reactions and the Krebs cycle

D. Light-dependent reactions and the Calvin cycle

C. Light-dependent reactions and oxidative

phosphorylation

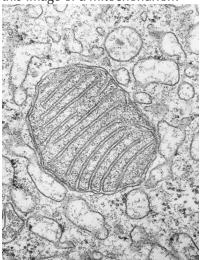
47. Prokaryotes are divided into what two groups? 56. What is the difference between the phloem and the xylem? A. Bacteria and viruses B. Bacteria and archaea A. The xylem transports water in a plant, whereas the phloem transports sugar. C. Bacteria and protozoa D. Bacteria and fungi B. The phloem transports water in a plant, whereas the xylem transports sugar. 48. What is the term for the asexual reproduction executed C. The xylem is found in woody plants, whereas the phloem is not. by yeast? A. Conjugation D. The phloem is found in flowers, whereas the xylem B. Meiosis is not. C. Budding D. Conidia 57. What is the ploidy of human gametes (sex cells)? A. 1n 49. Hair and nails are primarily made of which of the B. 2n following proteins? C. 3n A. Creatine D. 4n B. Phosphocreatine C. Keratin 58. How many incisors do humans have? A. Two D. Creatinine B. Four C. Six 50. Down syndrome is caused by trisomy of which of the following chromosomes? D. Eight A. 1 59. Sarcoplasmic reticulum can be found in which of the B. 11 C. 12 following cells? D. 21 A. Muscle cell B. Neuron 51. Which of the following organelles is NOT surrounded by C. White blood cell a phospholipid bilayer? D. Hepatocyte A. Golgi Apparatus B. Ribosome 60. Bacteriophages are C. Endoplasmic reticulum A. macrophages that engulf bacteria. B. bacteria that infect macrophages. D. Nucleus C. bacteria that cause pertussis. 52. Which of the following is NOT a viral disease? D. viruses that infect bacteria. A. Hepatitis A B. Mumps 61. Which of the following is the earliest documented C. Chickenpox representative of the genus Homo? D. Diphtheria A. Homo sapiens B. Homo erectus 53. Which of the following vessels carries blood from the C. Homo neanderthalensis right ventricle? D. Homo habilis A. Aorta B. Pulmonary trunk 62. How many autosomes are there in a human gamete? C. Pulmonary vein B. 23 D. Subclavian artery C. 44 54. Which of the following is the first stage of meiosis? D. 46 A. Anaphase I B. Metaphase I C. Prophase I D. Telophase I

55. Which of the following is a pigment produced in the

human skin?

A. MelatoninB. MelaninC. MyelinD. Methionine

63. Which of the following microscopes was used to obtain this image of a mitochondrion?



- A. Optical microscope
- B. Fluorescence microscope
- C. Scanning electron microscope
- D. Transmission electron microscope
- 64. Which of the following valves separates the right atrium from the right ventricle?
 - A. Mitral valve
 - B. Bicuspid valve
 - C. Tricuspid valve
 - D. Aortic valve
- 65. Which of the following is NOT a part of the limbic system?
 - A. Hippocampus
 - B. Pituitary gland
 - C. Hypothalamus
 - D. Amygdala
- 66. Which of the following channels are open during depolarization of a neuron?
 - A. Voltage-gated sodium channels
 - B. Voltage-gated potassium channels
 - C. Ligand-gated sodium channels
 - D. Ligand-gated potassium channels
- 67. Gametophyte is the dominant generation in which of the following plants?
 - A. Conifers
 - B. Angiosperms
 - C. Flowering plants
 - D. Bryophytes
- 68. The endosymbiotic theory explains the origin of which of the following organelles?
 - A. Chloroplast
 - B. Nucleolus
 - C. Centriole
 - D. Cytosol

- 69. Which of the following cells of the pancreatic islets produce insulin?
 - A. Alpha cells
 - B. Beta cells
 - C. Delta cells
 - D. PP cells
- 70. Which of the following diseases is shown in this chest X-ray?



- A. Tuberculosis
- B. Tetanus
- C. Graves' disease
- D. Coeliac disease
- 71. What crop did Gregor Mendel experiment on to determine his laws of inheritance?
 - A. Carrots
 - B. Pea plants
 - C. Vanilla
 - D. Potato
- 72. What type of insect is often used for genetic experiments due to its plentiful offspring, low chromosome number, and rapid life cycle?
 - A. Fruit fly
 - B. Mayfly
 - C. Hercules beetle
 - D. Praying mantis
- 73. The axolotl is a critically endangered species of
 - A. Mammal
 - B. Fish
 - C. Mollusks
 - D. Amphibians
- 74. Which of the following animals undergo migration?
 - A. Blue wildebeest
 - B. Cardinals
 - C. Pigeons
 - D. Gray wolf

- 75. Which of the following phyla is characterized as possessing no true tissues and organs?
 - A. Porifera
 - B. Arthropoda
 - C. Chordata
 - D. Cnidaria

Tiebreaker

This question will only be scored if there is a tie for placement on the exam. This is a required question, but there is no penalty for a wrong answer to this question. Write your answer legibly in the space provided on your scantron.

On average, how many cells does a human male have?